

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID:	PS3055		
Product Name:	Montana Big Sky 2K Performa-Seal Ure	ethane Sealer Black	
Revision Date:	Jan 09, 2019	Date Printed:	Sep 30, 2022
Version:	1.0	Supersedes Date:	N.A.
Supplier's Name:	Axalta Coating Systems LLC		
Address:	Applied Corporate Center 50 Applied Bank Boulevard, Suite 300 C	Glenn Mills, PA, US, 19342	
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Fax:

Product/Recommended Uses: Industrial Applications

**SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 

## Classification

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Flammable Liquids - Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1

## **Pictograms**



Signal Word

Danger

## Hazardous Statements - Health

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

## **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon-dioxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.
- P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- P405 Store locked up.
- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the products to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

#### None

## Acute toxicity of less than one percent of the mixture is unknown

## SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000624-54-4	N-PENTYL PROPRIONATE	10% - 14%
0000108-65-6	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	7% - 10%
0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	5% - 6%
0001333-86-4	CARBON BLACK	0.1% - 2%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a flushing duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Store clothing under water and wash clothing before re-use (or discard). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Eye Contact**

Remove source of exposure. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a flushing duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

## Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## No data available.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### No data available.

## **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use water jets.

## **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Can form explosive air mixtures.

Containers can explode in a fire. Highly flammable with toxic fumes. Give off toxic fumes at high temperatures.

Vapors are heavier than air and may settle in low places or spread a long distance to source of ignition and flash back.

## Fire-fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

## **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

## Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Use explosive proof equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Contain and collect spilled materials with non-combustible, absorbent material and place in a container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same physical hazards as the product. Use non-sparking tools.

**SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE** 

#### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

## Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

## **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Eye protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

## **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

#### **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Use NIOSH approved air supplier full face piece or head covering respirator suitable for organic vapors/particulates as required.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
BUTYL ACETATE	150	710			1			150
CARBON BLACK		3.5			1			

Chemical Name	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
BUTYL ACETATE	710	200	950		50		150	
CARBON BLACK	3.5a			1		3 (I)		

Chemical	ACGIH	ACGIH	ACGIH
Name	Carcinogen	Notations	TLV Basis
BUTYL			Eye & URT irr

ACETATE			
CARBON BLACK	A3	A3	Bronchitis

(I) - Inhalable fraction, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant ACGIH Carcinogen, ACGIH Notations, ACGIH TLV Basis, NIOSH TWA (mg/m3), NIOSH STEL (ppm), NIOSH STEL (mg/m3), NIOSH Carcinogen, ACGIH TWA (ppm), ACGIH TWA (mg/m3), ACGIH STEL (ppm), ACGIH STEL (mg/m3), OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA STEL (ppm), OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA STEL (ppm), OSHA TAbles (Z1, Z2, Z3), OSHA Carcinogen, OSHA Skin designation, NIOSH TWA (ppm) regulatory values, if they are present at less than 100%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

## **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	11.19 lb/gal	
% Solids By Weight	62.70%	
Density VOC	4.09 lb/gal	
% VOC	36.59%	
Specific Gravity	1.34	
Material VOC (g/l)	490.47 g/l	
Coating VOC(g/I)	490.48 g/l	
Appearance	Black Liquid	
Odor Description	Pungent	
Odor Threshold	N/A	
рН	N/A	
Melting Point	N/A	
Freezing Point	N/A	
Low Boiling Point	>35	
Flash Point	<23	
Evaporation Rate	N/A	
Flammability	N/A	
Upper Explosion Level (%)	N/A	
Lower Explosion Level (%)	N/A	
Vapor Pressure	N/A	
Vapor Density	N/A	
Water Solubility	N/A	
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A	
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A	
Decomposition Pt	N/A	
Viscosity	N/A	

## **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Prone to ignite by static.

## Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

No data available.

## **Incompatible Materials**

Keep away from: explosives, toxic gases, oxidizing substances, organic peroxides, poisonous (toxic) substance, infectious substances (biohazards).

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Oxides of carbon.

## **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Likely route of exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, eye contact, skin absorption.

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

May cause effects on the central nervous system.

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Can irritate the eyes.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can severely irritate and burn the skin.

## **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Can irritat the respiratory tract.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can severely irritate and burn the eyes.

## Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can irritate the respiratory tract.

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Exposure at high levels could cause depression of the central nervous system. (Short-term exposure).

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

The substance defats the skin, which may cause dryness or cracking (Repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

## 0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its aerosol or vapour and by ingestion.

## **Chronic Exposure**

## 0001333-86-4 CARBON BLACK

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: In 1996, the IARC reevaluated Carbon Black as a Group 2B carcinogen. This evaluation is given to carbon black for which there is inadequate human evidence, but sufficient animal evidence.

Prolonged inhalation of Carbon black can result in lung disease. Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing and reduced pulmonary function.

#### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

0001333-86-4 CARBON BLACK

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Has shown carcinogenic activity in laboratory animals at high doses. Significance to man is unknown. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, respiratory disease. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### 0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 1802 mg/m3; 4-hour exposure (aerosol)(9) Note: A lower LC50 (aerosol) value of 760 mg/m3 (160 ppm); 4-hour exposure has been reported.(11,27) Extensive research has failed to confirm this value.

LD50 (oral, rat): 10770 mg/kg (12, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 7100 mg/kg (5) LD50 (oral, rabbit): 7400 mg/kg (cited as 64 millimols/kg) (13)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 5000 mg/kg (3, unconfirmed)

0001333-86-4 CARBON BLACK

LC50 (rat): 6750 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure); cited as 27000 mg/m3 (27 mg/L) (1-hour exposure) (3)

## **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Other Adverse Effects**

## No data available.

#### **Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Readily biodegradable

#### Persistence and Degradability

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Readily biodegradable.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Readily biodegradable

0001333-86-4 CARBON BLACK

Carbon Black's insolubility in water results in it not being biodegradable in any medium or by biota. It is considered persistent in the natural environment.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation, Log Kow < 1.

Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation, Log Kow = 1.2.

## **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

## **Other Adverse Effect**

No data available.

## Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

## **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any

other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
Proper shipping name:	Paint	Paint	Paint
Hazard class:	3	3	3
Packaging group:	Ш	III	III
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

## **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000624-54-4	N-PENTYL PROPRIONATE	10% - 14%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000108-65-6	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	7% - 10%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	5% - 6%	CERCLA,SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0001314-13-2	ZINC OXIDE	1% - 2%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA
0007779-90-0	PHOSPHORIC ACID, ZINC SALT (2:3)	1% - 2%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA
0001333-86-4	CARBON BLACK	0.1% - 2%	SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA _Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cance r -

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			CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Ca ncer,TSCA_UVCB - CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OF UNKNOWN OR VARIABLE COMPOSITION, COMPLEX REACTION PRODUCTS AND BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	0.1% - 1%	SARA313, CERCLA,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcin ogen,TSCA
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	0.0% - 0.3%	SARA313, CERCLA,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcin ogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cance r - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Ca ncer

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant COMPLEX REACTION PRODUCTS AND BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS, CA\_Prop65 - California Proposition 65, CA\_Prop65\_Type\_Toxicity\_Cancer - CA\_Proposition65\_Type\_Toxicity\_Cancer, CA\_Prop65\_Type\_Toxicity\_Develop -CA\_Proposition65\_Type\_Toxicity\_Developmental, CERCLA, IARCCarcinogen, NTP\_Carcinogen - National Toxicology Program Carcinogens, SARA312, TSCA, TSCA, UVCB -CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OF UNKNOWN OR VARIABLE COMPOSITION, VOC regulatory values, if they are present at less than 100%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

## **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

## **HMIS**

Health	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	3
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

## Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Apr 12, 2019 Version 1.0

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