1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Product name</strong></th>
<th>Extra Fine Bright Aluminum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Product code</strong></td>
<td>WB1097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intended use</strong></td>
<td>Coating for professional use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Supplier**     | Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company  
|                  | 408 Fairall Street  
|                  | CA Ajax, ON L1S 1R6 |
| **Manufacturer** | Axalta Coating Systems, LLC  
|                  | Applied Corporate Center  
|                  | 50 Applied Bank Boulevard, Suite 300  
|                  | US Glen Mills, PA 19342 |
| **Telephone**    | Product information (800) 668-6945  
|                  | Medical emergency (855) 274-5698  
|                  | Transportation emergency (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC) |

**Chemical Family**  
No data available.

2. Hazards identification

This preparation is hazardous per the following GHS criteria

**GHS-Classification**

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation  
  Category 1

Endpoints which are "not classified", cannot be classified or are not applicable are not shown.

**GHS-Labelling**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard symbols</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Danger Symbol" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statements**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements**

- Wear eye protection/face protection.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

**The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:**

2.6 %
3. Composition/information on ingredients
Mixture of synthetic resins, pigments, and solvents as well as water

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>3 - 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>3 - 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-23-8</td>
<td>N-propanol</td>
<td>3 - 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>Propylene glycol methyl ether</td>
<td>3 - 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-41-0</td>
<td>N-pentanol</td>
<td>1 - 5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration ranges withheld as a trade secret.
Non-regulated ingredients 70 - 80%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact
Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Inhalation
Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion
If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation
May cause nose and throat irritation.

Ingestion
May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact
May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed if necessary
No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water spray, Dry chemical, Foam

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons
High volume water jet

Hazardous combustion products
CO, CO2, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in “Composition, Information on Ingredients” section.

Fire and Explosion Hazards
No data available

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures
Full protective flameproof clothing should be worn as appropriate. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter public sewer systems or public waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks
Ventilate area. If heated above the flashpoint, remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly.

Environmental precautions
Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Observe label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame, static discharge and other sources of ignition. When heated above its flash point, this must be handled as if it were a flammable liquid. Close container after each use. Do not transfer contents to bottles or unlabeled containers. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Build up of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming in accordance with best practices. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion
Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air and will burn when an ignition source is present. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers
Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Advice on common storage
Store separately from oxidizing agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection
Engineering controls and work practices
Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and - if practically feasible - by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

National occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Time Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>8 hr TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable Dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>8 hr TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable Dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-23-8</td>
<td>N-propanol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>8 hr TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>TA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>15 min STEL</td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
<td>Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>8 hr TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>Propylene glycol methyl ether</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>15 min STEL</td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
<td>TA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>8 hr TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>TA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Glossary

CEIL Ceiling exposure limit  
STEL Short term exposure limit  
TWA Time weighted average  
TWAE Time-Weighted Average

Protective equipment
Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection
Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. In confined spaces, or in situations where continuous spray operations are typical, or if proper air-purifying respirator fit is not possible, wear a positive pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH TC-19C). In all cases, follow respirator manufacturer’s directions for respirator use.
Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area.

Eye protection
Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

Skin and body protection
Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Hygiene measures
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Environmental exposure controls
Do not let product enter drains.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form: liquid  
Colour: aluminum

Flash point 43°C
Lower Explosive Limit 1.5% based on organic solvents
### Upper Explosive Limit
13.7 % based on organic solvents

### Evaporation rate
Slower than Ether

### Vapor pressure of principal solvent
5.8 hPa

### Solubility of Solvent In Water
Appreciable

### Vapor density of principal solvent (Air = 1)
0.6

### Approx. Boiling Range
82 °C

### Approx. Freezing Range
-127 °C

### Gallon Weight (lbs/gal)
8.65

### Specific Gravity
1.04

### Percent Volatile By Volume
85.41%

### Percent Volatile By Weight
79.96%

### Percent Solids By Volume
14.59%

### Percent Solids By Weight
20.04%

### pH (waterborne systems only)
8.2 – 8.5

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
No data available

### Ignition temperature
270 °C

### Decomposition temperature
Not applicable.

### Viscosity (23 °C)
31 s

Does not sustain combustion.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability
Stable

#### Conditions to avoid
Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid
Avoid contact with strong alkalies, strong mineral acids or strong oxidizing agents; combustible hydrogen gas can be formed from these incompatibilities.

#### Hazardous decomposition products
When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

#### Hazardous Polymerization
Will not occur.

#### Sensitivity to Static Discharge
If heated above the flash point, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

#### Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact
None known.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation
May cause nose and throat irritation.
Ingestion
May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact
May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Acute oral toxicity**
not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**
not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
not hazardous

% of unknown composition: 2.6%

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-propanol</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-pentanol</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)**
No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**
Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with
the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

13. Disposal considerations

Provincial Waste Classification
Check appropriate provincial and local waste disposal regulations for proper classifications.

Waste Disposal Method
Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Not classified as supporting combustion according to the transport regulations.

Matters needing attention for transportation
Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

TSCA Status
In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

DSL Status
Product is not DSL listed because one or more ingredients are not on the DSL inventory.

Photochemical Reactivity
Non-photochemically reactive

Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>EPCRA 302</th>
<th>EPCRA TPQ</th>
<th>EPCRA RQ</th>
<th>EPCRA 311/312</th>
<th>EPCRA 313</th>
<th>CERCLA RQ(lbs)</th>
<th>CAA HAP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>A,C,F,N,R</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>A,C,F,N,R</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-23-8</td>
<td>N-propanol</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>C,F</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>C,F</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>methyl ether</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-41-0</td>
<td>N-pentanol</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>NR</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key:

EPCRA | Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act (aka Title III, SARA)
302 Extremely hazardous substances

311/312 Categories
F = Fire Hazard  A = Acute Hazard
R = Reactivity Hazard  C = Chronic Hazard
P = Pressure Related Hazard

313 Information
Section 313 Supplier Notification - The chemicals listed above with a 'Y' in the 313 column are subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

HAP Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.
TPQ Threshold Planning Quantity.
RQ Reportable Quantity
NA not available
NR not regulated

16. Other information

HMIS rating  H: 2  F: 2  R: 1

Glossary of Terms:

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer.
NTP National Toxicology Program.
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
STELE Short term exposure limit
TWA Time-weighted average.
PNOR Particles not otherwise regulated.
PNOC Particles not otherwise classified.

NOTE: The list (above) of glossary terms may be modified.

Notice from Axalta Coating Systems:
The document reflects information provided to Axalta Coating Systems by its suppliers. Information is accurate to the best of our knowledge and is subject to change as new data is received by Axalta Coating Systems. Persons receiving this information should make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use.
The information on this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

SDS prepared by: Axalta Coating Systems Regulatory Affairs

Report version

Version  Changes
18.1  16

Revision Date: 2019-10-19

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