1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: Polyester Putty Cream Hardener
Product code: 2281S
Formula date: 2014-07-03
Intended use: Hardener for professional use
Supplier: Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company
408 Fairall Street
CA Ajax, ON L1S 1R6
Manufacturer: Axalta Coating Systems, LLC
Applied Corporate Center
50 Applied Bank Boulevard, Suite 300
US Glen Mills, PA 19342
Telephone: Product information (800) 668-6945
Medical emergency (855) 274-5698
Transportation emergency (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Chemical Family: No data available.

2. Hazards identification

This preparation is hazardous per the following GHS criteria

GHS-Classification

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2A
- Skin sensitisation: Category 1

Endpoints which are “not classified”, cannot be classified or are not applicable are not shown.

GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols

⚠️

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:
3. Composition/information on ingredients
Mixture of synthetic resins and solvents

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94-36-0</td>
<td>Benzoyl peroxide</td>
<td>45 - 70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>131-11-3</td>
<td>Phthalates</td>
<td>7 - 13%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration ranges withheld as a trade secret.
Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact
Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation
Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion
If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation
May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion
May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact
May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed if necessary
No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures
Suitable extinguishing media
Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons
High volume water jet

Hazardous combustion products
CO, CO2, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in “Composition, Information on Ingredients” section.

Fire and Explosion Hazards
No data available

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures
Full protective flameproof clothing should be worn as appropriate. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter public sewer systems or public waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks
Ventilate area. If heated above the flashpoint, remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly.

Environmental precautions
Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Observe label precautions. Close container after each use. If heated above its flash point, this must be handled as if it were a flammable liquid. Do not transfer contents to bottles or unlabeled containers. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not freeze. If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Build up of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming in accordance with best practices. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion
Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air and will burn when an ignition source is present. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers
Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Advice on common storage
Store separately from combustible materials, reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalis and heavy metal compounds (e.g.accelerators, driers, metal soaps)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection
Engineering controls and work practices
Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

National occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>131-11-3</td>
<td>Phthalates</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>8 hr</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>8 hr</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Glossary

- CEIL: Ceiling exposure limit
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- TWA: Time weighted average
- TWAE: Time-Weighted Average

Protective equipment
Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection
Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. In confined spaces, or in situations where continuous spray operations are typical, or if proper air-purifying respirator fit is not possible, wear a positive pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH TC-19C). In all cases, follow respirator manufacturer’s directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area.

Eye protection
Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

Skin and body protection
Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Hygiene measures
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Environmental exposure controls
Do not let product enter drains.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Form: liquid
- Colour: red
- Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor

Flash point: 94 °C

Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable.
Upper Explosive Limit: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate: Slower than Ether
Vapor pressure of principal solvent: Not applicable.
Solubility of Solvent In Water: appreciable
Vapor density of principal solvent (Air = 1): Not applicable.
Approx. Boiling Range: 284 °C
Approx. Freezing Range: 2 – 102 °C
Gallon Weight (lbs/gal): 10.08
Specific Gravity: 1.21
10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Store separately from combustible materials, reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalis and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal soaps)

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, benzoic acid, benzene, diphenyl, phenylbenzoate; for cyclohexanone peroxides, hexane carbonic acid, lauric carbon acid, cyclohexane.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

If heated above the flash point, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact

None known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Acute oral toxicity**
not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**
not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
not hazardous

% of unknown composition: 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
not hazardous

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Benzoyl peroxide  Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**
Benzoyl peroxide  Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
not hazardous

**Carcinogenicity**
not hazardous

**Toxicity for reproduction**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**
not hazardous

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**
not hazardous

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)**
No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**
No information available.

12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

13. Disposal considerations
Provincial Waste Classification
Check appropriate provincial and local waste disposal regulations for proper classifications.

Waste Disposal Method
Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

14. Transport information

International transport regulations

IMDG (Sea transport)
UN number: 3108
Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (Benzoyl peroxide)
Hazard Class: 5.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: yes [dibenzoyl peroxide]

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)
UN number: 3108
Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (Benzoyl peroxide)
Hazard Class: 5.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

TDG
UN number: 3108
Proper shipping name: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (Benzoyl peroxide)
Hazard Class: 5.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Matters needing attention for transportation
Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

TSCA Status
In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

DSL Status
All components of the mixture are listed on the DSL.

Photochemical Reactivity
Non-photochemically reactive

Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>EPCRA</th>
<th>CERCLA</th>
<th>CAA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94-36-0</td>
<td>Benzoyl peroxide</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

CAS # Ingredient  EPCRA  CERCLA  CAA
131-11-3 Phthalates  N  NR  NR  NA  Y  5,000  Y

Key:
EPCRA  Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act (aka Title III, SARA)
302  Extremely hazardous substances
311/312 Categories
F = Fire Hazard  A = Acute Hazard
R = Reactivity Hazard  C = Chronic Hazard
P = Pressure Related Hazard
313 Information  Section 313 Supplier Notification - The chemicals listed above with
a ‘Y’ in the 313 column are subject to reporting requirements of
Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community
HAP  Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.
TPQ  Threshold Planning Quantity.
RQ  Reportable Quantity
NA  not available
NR  not regulated

16. Other information

HMIS rating  H: 1  F: 1  R: 4

Glossary of Terms:
ACGIH  American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
IARC  International Agency for Research on Cancer.
NTP  National Toxicology Program.
OEL  Occupational Exposure Limit.
OSHA  Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
STEL  Short term exposure limit.
TWA  Time-weighted average.
PNOR  Particles not otherwise regulated.
PNOC  Particles not otherwise classified.

NOTE: The list (above) of glossary terms may be modified.

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The information on this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in
combination with any other material or in any process.

SDS prepared by: Axalta Coating Systems Regulatory Affairs

Report version

Version  Changes
15.1  8

Revision Date: 2019-10-19

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