**Environmental Product Declaration** according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

# This declaration is for: Alesta® SD **SuperDurable Architectural**

# Provided by: **Axalta Coating Systems**



milieu relevante product informatie

MRPÍ



**MRPI®** registration 1.1.00294.2022 date of first issue 16-06-2022 date of this issue 16-06-2022 expiry date 16-06-2027













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# PRODUCT

Alesta® SD SuperDurable Architectural DECLARED UNIT/FUNCTIONAL UNIT 1 kg powder coating



### **DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT**

Alesta® SD Architectural is a range of products based on premium weathering polyester resin, incorporating high quality exterior grade pigments with outstanding exterior durability

# VISUAL PRODUCT



### **MORE INFORMATION**

To learn more about Alesta® please visit the website: https://www.axalta.com/corporate/en\_US/products-andcustomers/powder-coatings-/alesta.html



MRPI® REGISTRATION 1.1.00294.2022

**DATE OF ISSUE** 16-06-2022

EXPIRY DATE 16-06-2027

## SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by **ing. Kamiel Jansen, Aveco de Bondt.** The LCA study has been done by **Joanna Zhuravlova and Brienne Wiersema, Ecomatters B.V..** The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and EN15804+A2. It is verified according to the 'MRPI®-EPD verification protocol November 2020.v4.0'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.



# PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI® Kingsfordweg 151 1043GR Amsterdam

ir. J-P den Hollander, Managing director MRPI®

DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION									
CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR[a]									
Independent verification of the declaration and data,									
according to EN ISO 14025:2010:									
internal: external: X									
Third party verifier:									
Jowsen									
ing. Kamiel Jansen, Aveco de Bondt									
[a] PCR = Product Category Rules									





### **DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

#### Company information

Axalta is a global coatings company focused on providing customers with innovative, colorful and sustainable solutions. With more than 150 years of experience in the coatings industry, Axalta continues to find ways to serve customers with the finest coatings, application systems and technology.

#### Product description

Alesta® SD Architectural is a range of TGIC free products based on premium weathering polyester resin, incorporating high quality exterior grade pigments with outstanding exterior durability, especially formulated for application on aluminum extrusion and sheets, steel and galvanized steel substrates. Alesta® SD Architectural meets the requirements of the building industry thanks to its outstanding outdoor durability. It is designed to surpass the most severe specifications.

#### Highlights

- Excellent outdoor weathering resistance, adapted to severe environments

- Optimized and homogeneous baking conditions for all finishes resulting in an overall energy saving

- Available in a wide selection of colours, effects and gloss levels

- Special interest for large projects, exposed systems like gate, veranda, pergola & also high-end outdoor furniture & lighting

- Longer life cycle (aesthetic) & sustainable choice
- Able to increase quality of aluminium systems with a limited extra cost versus benefits
- Lower maintenance costs

#### Target applications

Alesta® SD Architectural powder coatings are typically used in the following applications:

- Aluminium curtain walls for prestigious buildings
- Doors, window frames, cladding and other parts in architecture and construction
- Buildings in severe environments

- Urban furniture, shopping fittings, garden furniture, lighting and any other industrial applications where resistance to atmospheric aggression is essential

- Aluminum profiles and sheets
- Verandas, doors, window frames, facades
- Steel or galvanized steel for cladding

#### Technical characteristics

To get information regarding product characteristics, film properties, approvals, curing conditions, storage stability etc. please refer to the Technical Data Sheets (TDS). To get information regarding the durability and the warranty period, please consult the local sales organization. Regarding the safe use of powder coatings, please refer to the Safety Data Sheets (SDS).

#### Production process

The manufacturing process involves weighing and pre-mixing of raw materials, extrusion, cooling and crushing, grinding, sieving and for the manufacture of metallics, bonding or dry-blending stages are involved.









#### Sustainability

Sustainability is central to Axalta's business. From environmental and social performance to the sustainability benefits our products and services provide and our strong corporate governance practices, being an engaged business partner and a good neighbor are fundamental to our growth and success.

Our manufacturing facilities around the world continually enhance their processes to minimize our impact on the environment. Many Axalta products and application technologies are developed to support not only our own sustainability goals, but also those of our customers by increasing productivity and reducing emissions, energy use, and waste. We engage with a variety of stakeholders including customers, suppliers, investors, industry organizations, non-governmental organizations and others to listen, learn and find ways to continually improve our performance.

Our new 2030 goals reflect how meaningful environmental progress, inclusive social values and strong corporate governance are at the heart of Axalta's operations and success.

For more information, please visit axalta.com/sustainability.

COMPONENT (> 1%)	[kg / %]
Polyester resin	Confidential
Curing agent	Confidential
Pigments	Confidential
Additives	Confidential
Extenders	Confidential

(\*) > 1% of total mass







### SCOPE AND TYPE

This Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) is a Cradle to Gate with options, modules C1-C4 and module D. All major steps from the extraction of natural resources to the final disposal of the product are included in the scope of the study. The life cycle stages included are A1-A5, C1-C4, D. All impacts associated with mining activities, the upstream production of materials and energy, downstream waste treatment are included in the product systems.

This EPD is an average EPD representative for Alesta® SD products produced in France, Sweden, United Kingdom, Germany, Turkey, USA: Hilliard, Houston and sold worldwide.

The software GaBi 10.5.1.124 is used to perform the LCA. Background processes sourced from Ecoinvent v3.7 (2020) and the Raw materials LCI database for the European coatings and printing ink industries (2016).

The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report.



Figure: LCA process diagram according to EN 15804 (7.2.1)







REPRESENTATIVENESS

The declaration is based on a representative sample formulation for a powder coating produced in different production sites, grouped based on their location.

This EPD is representative for Alesta® SD products produced in France, Sweden, United Kingdom, Germany, Turkey, USA: Hilliard, Houston.

ENVI	RONMENTA		РАСТ	per fu	unctio	nal u	nit or	decla	red u	nit (co	ore inc	dicato
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	ka 002 oz	5.27	5.08	1.55	5.48	1.02	4.32	0.00	7.20	0.00	2.15	-2.23
GvvP-totai	kg CO2 eq.	E+0	E-2	E-1	E+0	E-1	E+0	0.00	E-3	0.00	E+0	E-1
OWD facail	ha 000 er	5.27	5.07	7.89	5.40	1.02	4.30	0.00	7.18	0.00	2.15	-2.16
GWP-IOSSII	kg CO2 eq.	E+0	E-2	E-2	E+0	E-1	E+0	0.00	E-3	0.00	E+0	E-1
OWD bis serie		-3.32	1.07	7.56	7.24	2.35	2.03	0.00	1.52	0.00	1.21	-6.76
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	E-3	E-4	E-2	E-2	E-4	E-2	0.00	E-5	0.00	E-4	E-3
	ha 000 an	8.57	1.48	1.19	9.91	3.34	1.45	0.00	2.10	0.00	4.18	-2.41
GVVP-Iuluc	kg CO2 eq.	E-4	E-5	E-4	E-4	E-5	E-4	0.00	E-6	0.00	E-6	E-4
000	1.05011.0	1.46	1.20	2.84	1.46	2.35	6.18	0.00	1.70	0.00	2.13	-2.08
ODP	kg CFC11 eq.	E-5	E-8	E-9	E-5	E-8	E-7	0.00	E-9	0.00	E-9	E-8
4.5		2.12	2.56	1.46	2.16	5.10	3.80	0.00	3.63	0.00	1.91	-7.01
AP	mol H+ eq.	E-2	E-4	E-4	E-2	E-4	E-3	0.00	E-5	0.00	E-4	E-4
		5.11	3.33	1.39	5.28	6.80	4.95		4.71		2.95	-1.14
EP-freshwater	kg PO4 eq.	E-4	E-6	E-5	E-4	E-6	E-5	0.00	E-7	0.00	E-6	E-4
ED worker		3.30	8.88	7.42	3.46	1.78	1.15	1.2	1.26		8.68	-1.34
EP-marine	kg N eq.	E-3	E-5	E-5	E-3	E-4	E-3	0.00	E-5	0.00	E-5	E-4
		3.46	9.70	4.97	3.61	1.94	1.22		1.37		9.52	-1.22
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	E-2	E-4	E-4	E-2	E-3	E-2	0.00	E-4	0.00	E-4	E-3
5005		1.65	2.89	1.22	1.69	5.61	4.11		4.10		2.35	-3.53
РОСР	kg NMVOC eq.	E-2	E-4	E-4	E-2	E-4	E-3	0.00	E-5	0.00	E-4	E-4
		1.58	1.20	1.25	1.60	3.25	1.39		1.70		5.52	-1.41
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sb eq.	E-5	E-7	E-7	E-5	E-7	E-6	0.00	E-8	0.00	E-8	E-7
100 (	MJ, net calorific	1.00	8.00	4.41	1.01	1.57	6.90		1.13		2.12	-4.38
ADP-tossil	value	E+2	E-1	E-1	E+2	E+0	E+1	0.00	E-1	0.00	E-1	E+0
	m3 world eq.	3.20	3.97	1.83	3.20	7.45	1.16		5.63		7.85	-8.60
WDP	deprived	E+2	E-3	E-2	E+2	E-3	E-1	0.00	E-4	0.00	E-3	E-2

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels

GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic

GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

AP = Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

EP-marine = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants

ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non fossil resources [2]

ADP-fossil = Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [2]

WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [2]

Disclaimer [2]

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.







### **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (additional indicators A2)**

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
DM	Disease	3.03	4.70	1.93	3.10	8.02	1.16	0.00	6.66	0.00	1.52	-1.91
FIN	incidence	E-7	E-9	E-9	E-7	E-9	E-8	0.00	E-10	0.00	E-9	E-9
ופט	kBa LI225 og	2.04	4.09	2.60	2.05	8.12	3.79	0.00	5.79	0.00	6.97	-6.48
	кву 0235 ед.	E+0	E-3	E-3	E+0	E-3	E-2	0.00	E-4		E-4	E-2
	iw CTUe	3.80	6.34	7.13	3.81	1.24	4.74	0.00	8.99	0.00	5.78	-1.40
EIP-TW		E+2	E-1	E-1	E+2	E+0	E+0	0.00	E-2	0.00	E-1	E+0
	стир	3.83	1.89	2.92	3.88	4.07	5.01	0.00	2.68	0.00	2.77	-4.26
	CION	E-9	E-11	E-11	E-9	E-11	E-10	0.00	E-12	0.00	E-9	E-11
	CTUb	2.25	5.65	8.21	2.26	1.09	3.99	0.00	8.01	0.00	8.42	-1.19
HIP-nc	CIUN	E-7	E-10	E-10	E-7	E-9	E-9	0.00	E-11	0.00	E-9	E-9
SOD		9.84	9.12	9.08	1.17	1.32	1.14	0.00	1.29	0.00	1.06	-3.67
JUP		E+0	E-1	E-1	E+1	E+0	E+0	0.00	E-1	0.00	E-1	E-1

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions

IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]

ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]

HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans [2]

HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]

SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

#### Disclaimer [1]

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

#### Disclaimer [2]

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.







-3.81 E-1

R	RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)											
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	
PERE	MJ	3.13	9.73	1.77 E 1	3.32	2.04	1.78 E 1	0.00	1.38 E 2	0.00	5.09	

	MI	8.97	4.78	3.38	8.97	1.16	4.10	0.00	6.77	2.80	-1.49	
PERM	IVIJ	E-4	E-9	E-8	E-4	E-8	E-8	0.00	E-10	0.00	E-9	E-8
DEDT	MI	3.13	9.73	1.77	3.32	2.04	1.78	0.00	1.38	0.00	5.09	-3.81
FERI	IVIJ	E+0	E-3	E-1	E+0	E-2	E-1	0.00	E-3	0.00	E-3	E-1
DENIDE	MI	1.00	8.00	4.41	1.01	1.57	6.90	0.00	1.13	0.00	2.12	-4.38
FLINKL	1015	E+2	E-1	E-1	E+2	E+0	E+1	0.00	E-1	0.00	E-1	E+0
DENIDM	MI	3.67	0.00	7.38	3.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	IVIJ	E-6	0.00	E-12	E-6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DENIDT	MI	1.00	8.00	4.41	1.01	1.57	6.90	0.00	1.13	0.00	2.12	-4.38
	1015	E+2	E-1	E-1	E+2	E+0	E+1		E-1	0.00	E-1	E+0
SM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EW/	m3	7.44	9.25	4.26	7.44	1.73	2.71	0.00	1.31	0.00	1.83	-2.00
FVV m3	1115	E+0	E-5	E-4	E+0	E-4	E-3	0.00	E-5	0.00	E-4	E-3

PERE = Use of renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources

PERM = Use of renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources

SM = Use of secondary materials

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels

NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels

FW = Use of net fresh water

# OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NHWD	kg	0.00	0.00	1.06 E-2	1.05 E-1	0.00	1.22 E-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00 E+0	0.00
RWD	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ETE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed

RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed

MFR = Materials for recycling

EEE = Exported Electrical Energy

NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed CRU = Components for reuse

MER = Materials for energy recovery ETE = Exported Thermal Energy







#### **BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT** per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BCCpr	kg C	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
ВССра	kg C	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00 E-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

BCCpr = Biogenic carbon content in product BCCpa = Biogenic carbon content in packaging

### **CALCULATION RULES**

#### Data quality and data collection period

Data quality requirements follow EN15804+A2:2019, data is checked for plausibility with mass balances in the foreground processes. Used datasets are complete according to the system boundary, and are as current as possible. Data collection period is of reference year 2021, based on 1 year averaged data. Data gaps such as i.e. transport data, waste treatment scenarios, were covered with generic values as described in the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints document version 1.0 published by CEPE and reviewed in April 2018. Processes used in the background modelling are referring to the widely used databases of recent release (Ecoinvent 3.7.1, 2020; CEPE, 2016) and are consistent with the foreground modelling in system limits and allocation procedures. The technological and geographical coverage reflects the physical reality as far as possible taking into account the technology mix, location, and representativeness of technologies, input materials, and input energies for the region. Data quality is assessed as fair and adequate to the goal and scope of the study.

#### Cut-off criteria and allocation procedures

No cut-offs were intentionally applied to inputs and outputs within the system boundaries in the models. Coproduct and system allocation in the foreground system is according to the EN15804+A2. Cut-off and allocation procedures in the background processes are according to the respective methodologies and estimated to be methodologically consistent with the foreground system.

#### SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Product stage (A1-A3) includes the extraction and processing of raw materials for the products, energy consumption (A1), their transportation to the production site by road (A2), the manufacturing process and the product packaging (A3). Data regarding paint production and packaging was provided for the average powder coating formulation and for the production sites where the coating is produced. Data on transportation distances and transportation modes are derived from the default scenarios of the product environmental footprint category rules (PEF CR) for decorative paints v.1 (2018). Electricity consumption was modelled based on the primary data on the amount and source of the electricity, with the use of Ecoinvent 3.7.1 database for modelling of the background processes. During the manufacturing process, two types of waste are generated: hazardous and non-hazardous.

Product's distribution to the building site (A4) includes transportation of the products along the distribution leg. The distribution leg includes two intermediate points between the production site and the final user: regional distribution centre (RDC) and point of sales (PoS).







Transmontation neromators	Raw materials	Packaging	Transportation	Transportation
Transportation parameters	transportation	transportation	to the RDC	to the PoS
Vehicle type used for transport	Articulated lorry	Articulated lorry	Articulated lorry	Articulated lorry
Distance, km	460	250	350	370
Capacity, %	64	64	64	64
Average load factor, t	>32	>32	>32	16-32

Stage A5 refers to the coating application. The stage includes coating curing in the oven, coating waste and packaging material waste treatment. According to PEF CR for decorative paints (v1), coating waste during application and packaging are treated as non-hazardous waste. In that scenario 45% of the waste is incinerated and 55% ends up in landfill. When waste is incinerated, it is done with energy recovery.



P10/11

Waste treatment parameters	unit	Value
Energy recovery from incineration, electricity	MJ/kg of incinerated waste	1.01
Energy recovery from incineration, heat	MJ/kg of incinerated waste	2.16

Stage C1 refers to de-construction and demolition activities. Coating removal is part of the substrate's life cycle and it is not a coating specific process. No specific demolition or dismantling activities are applied to coatings, and therefore no impact is allocated to this life cycle stage. Stage C2 includes the transport of coating waste from demolition site to a landfill or incineration site. The transport distance is based on the scenario reflected in PEFCR for Decorative paints (v1), and contains transport over 80 km with an articulated lorry. There are no reuse, recovery or recycling activities after the coating's end of life. Therefore, no impact is allocated to the stage C3. Final disposal (C4) was modelled according to the information received from Axalta. Typical end of life scenario after disposal is incineration with energy recovery (90%) and landfilling (10%).







### **DECLARATION OF SVHC**

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation".

### REFERENCES

Assari, Mohammad Reza, et al. (2014) Exergy modeling and performance evaluation of pulp and paper production process of bagasse, a case study. Thermal Science 18.4 (2014): 1399-1412. Dahlgren, L. at al, (2016) Raw materials LCI database for the European coatings and printing ink industries. Documentation of methodology v. 3.0. Commissioned by CEPE. IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute Ltd.

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products

ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management â€" Life cycle assessment â€" Principles and framework ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management â€" Life cycle assessment â€" Requirements and guidelines

Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints. Version 1.0, 2018. Developed by the Technical Secretariat Decorative Paints of the European Council of the Paint, Printing Ink and Artists' Colours Industry

Thinkstep GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright 1992-2018 ThinkStep AG.

Wernet, G., Bauer, C., Steubing, B., Reinhard, J., Moreno-Ruiz, E., and Weidema, B. (2016). The ecoinvent database version 3 (part I): overview and methodology. The International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment, [online] 21(9), pp.1218–1230. Available at:

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