

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	:	331
Product name	:	Plastic Primer Surfacer Hardener
Date of issue	:	2/12/2024
Version	:	9

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	: Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company	
	1915 2nd St. W	
	Cornwall, ON K6H5R6	
Product information	: 613-932-8960	
Emergency telephone	: (CHEMTREC) - 800-424-9300	
number		

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
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#### **Precautionary statements**

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
	P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture			
Chemical name	Common name and Synonyms	CAS number	% (w/w)
XYLENE	XYLENE	1330-20-7	≥60 - ≤80
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	≥10 - ≤30
propan-1-ol	N-PROPANOL	71-23-8	≥1 - ≤5
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	BISPHENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN TYPE POLYMER <700MW	25068-38-6	≥0.1 - ≤1
p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy) propyl ether	P-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	3101-60-8	≥0.1 - ≤1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency proceduresFor non-emergency<br/>personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br/>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br/>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br/>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide<br/>adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.<br/>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any<br/>information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the<br/>information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	:	IA

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
XYLENE	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).[Dimethylbenzene]OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).[Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene]TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).[Xylene]STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).[Xylene]STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
propan-1-ol	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>OEL: 492 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 984 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>

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#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust Appropriate engineering ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection 2 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be Other skin protection selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** 1 appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### Appearance

Physical state		Liquid
Filysical state	•	Liquid.
Color	:	Amber.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not applicable.
Boiling point	:	138 to 142°C (280.4 to 287.6°F)
Freezing point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 19.333°C (66.8°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: 1%
(flammable) limits		Upper: 6.6%
Vapor pressure	:	0.96 kPa (7.2 mm Hg)
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 400°C (752°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: 20 mPa·s (20 cP) Kinematic: 23 mm²/s (23 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	,
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials	
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Exposure Dose XYLENE LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 5000 ppm 4 hours LD50 Oral Rat 4300 mg/kg ethylbenzene LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg \_ 3500 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat \_ 5040 mg/kg propan-1-ol LD50 Dermal Rabbit -2200 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat \_

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
XYLENE	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
propan-1-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	47 hours 100	-
				%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 100	-
				%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
reaction product: bisphenol-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy					
resin					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				uL	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

0	Route of exposure	Species	Result
p-tert-butylphenyl 1- (2,3-epoxy)propyl ether	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxic	ity (single exposure)				
Name		Category		ute of posure	Target organs
XYLENE		Category 3	-		Respiratory tract irritation
propan-1-ol		Category 3	-		Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (repeated exposure)</u>				
Name		Category	-	ute of oosure	Target organs
ethylbenzene		Category 2	-		-
Aspiration hazard					
Name			Result		
XYLENE ethylbenzene					D - Category 1 D - Category 1
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.				
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye dam	age.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.				
Skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicol	ogical charac	teristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may i pain watering redness	-			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may i respiratory tract irritation coughing	include the fol	lowing:		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur				
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may i stomach pains	nclude the foll	lowing:		
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects	from short a	nd long te	erm exposu	<u>re</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				

Long term exposure

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>8</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4350.9 mg/kg
Dermal	1561.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	7185.39 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	63.07 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information					
	TDG Clas	sification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT REI MATERIAL		PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3	3
Packing group	II		II	П	11
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.
Additional informa TDG Classificatio			lassified as per the follov egulations: 2.18-2.19 (Cla	ving sections of the Trans ass 3).	portation of Dangerous
DOT Classificatio	tion : <u>Reportable quantity</u> 143.71 lbs / 65.243 kg [19.811 gal / 74.992 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.				
Special precaution	<b>Is for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
Transport in bulk a	according : Not available.				

#### to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

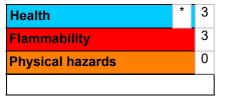
# Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: xylene (all isomers); ethylbenzene; n-propyl alcohol</li> </ul>
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	<ul> <li>At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.</li> </ul>
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.

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# Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Date of issue : 2/12/2024 Version : 9 Product stewardship and regulatory compliance. : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

History

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED

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# Section 16. Other information

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